

Results from a subkeV energy threshold spherical gaseous detector for light Dark Matter identification

G Gerbier IRFU Saclay

+ **I Giomataris**, J Derre, **P Magnier**, **A Dastgheibi**, D. Jourde, M Gros, E
Bougamont, XF Navick, T Papaevangelou, **J Galan**, *G Tsiledakis* IRFU

P Loaiza, T Zampieri **LSM**

Principles of detector

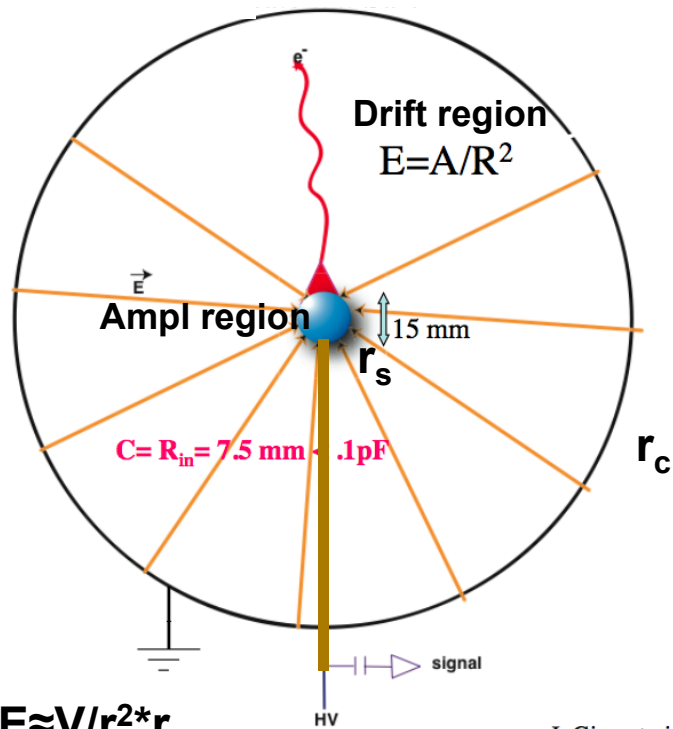
Results of calibrations at low energy

Preliminary results in low RA environment

Prospects : physics / development

September 9th 2013
Monterey, TAUP2013

Spherical Proportional Counters



$E \approx V/r^2 \cdot r_s$
for $r_c \gg r_s$

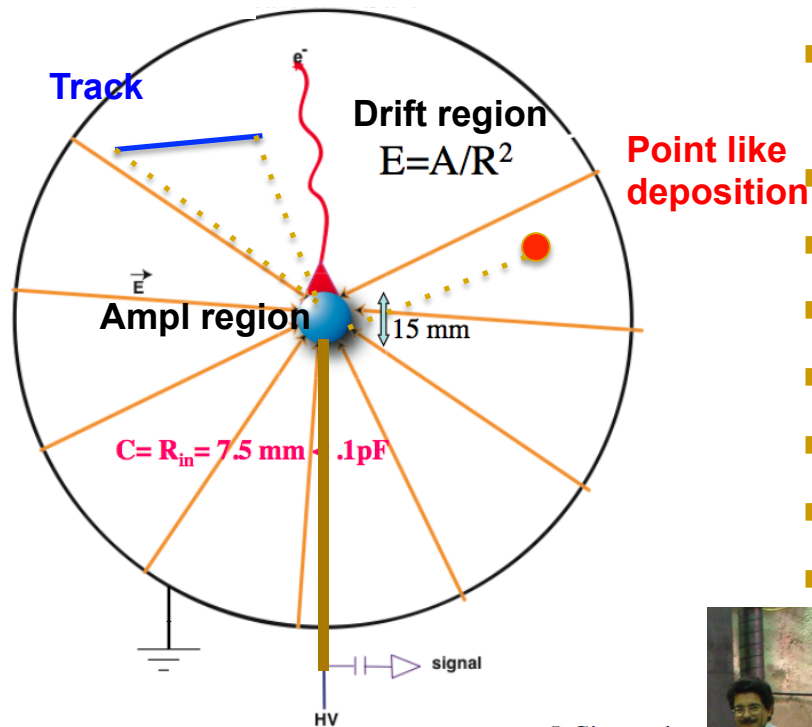
I. Giomataris



- Sphere cavity + spherical sensor + HT
- \Rightarrow Low threshold (low C), does not depend on size
- Fiducial volume selection by pulse risetime
- Flexible (P, gaz)
- Works in sealed mode
- Large volume \Rightarrow 10's kg possible
- 2 LEP cavity 130 cm \varnothing tested
- Digitisation at 2 MHz + soft trigger

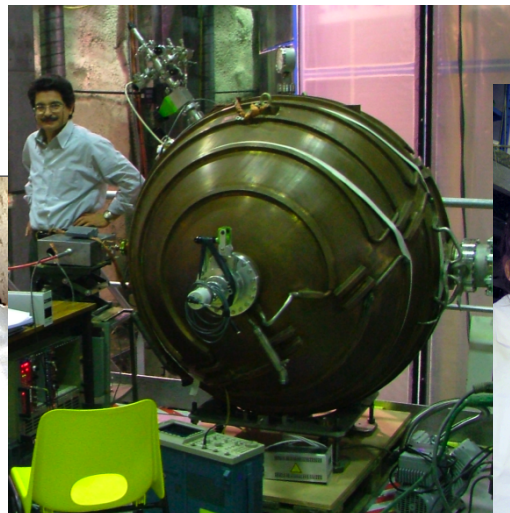
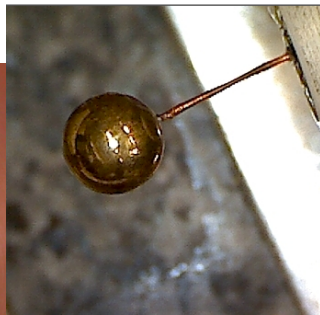


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- 1 low activity 60 cm \varnothing in operation @ LSM

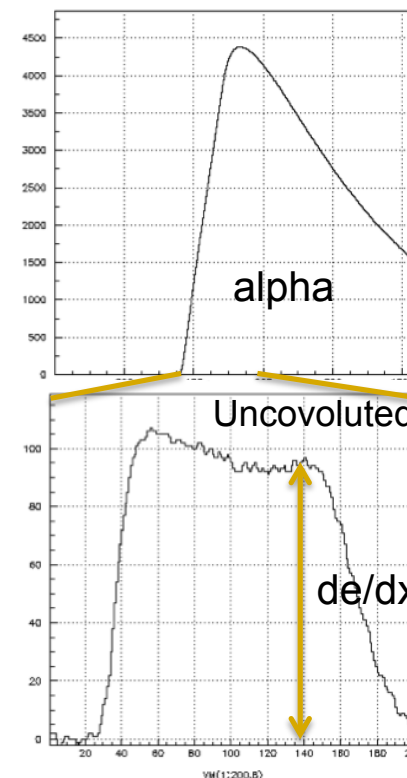
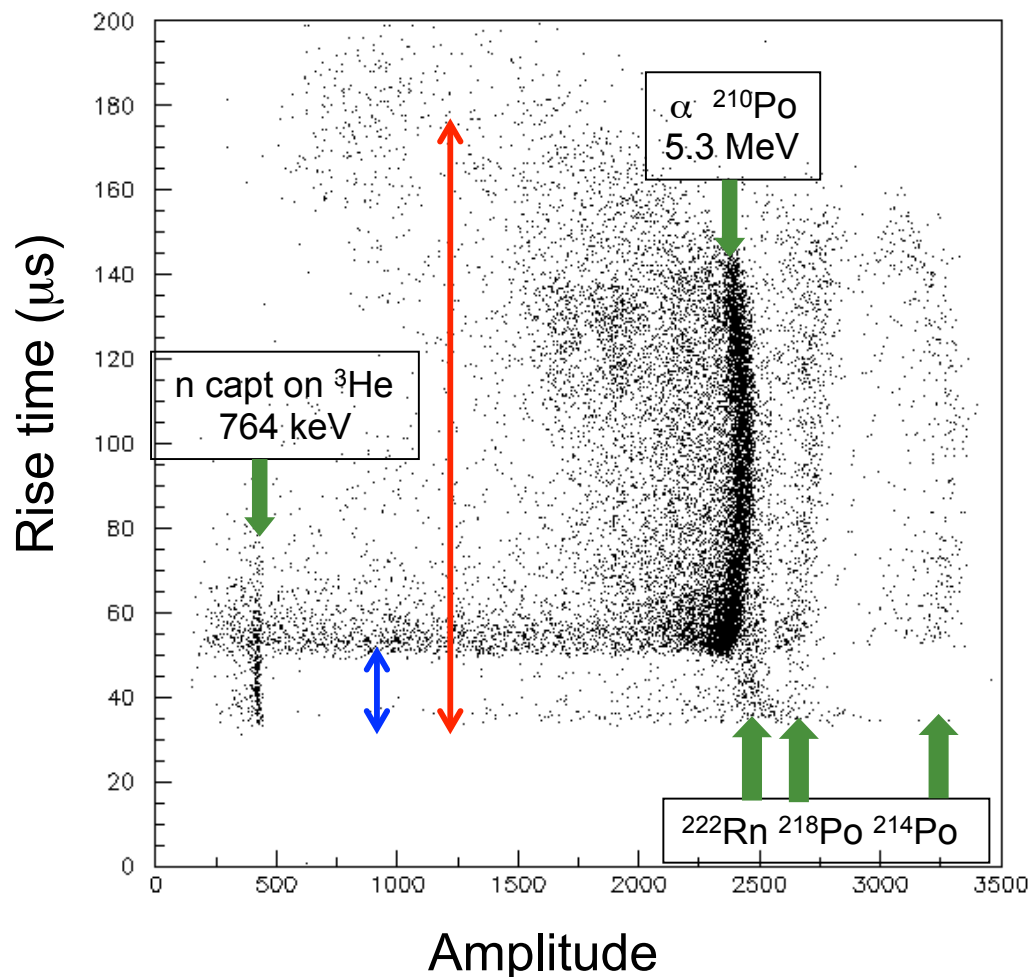


Run with Ar/CH₄ + 3g ³He @ 200 mb SPC 130cm Ø @ LSM

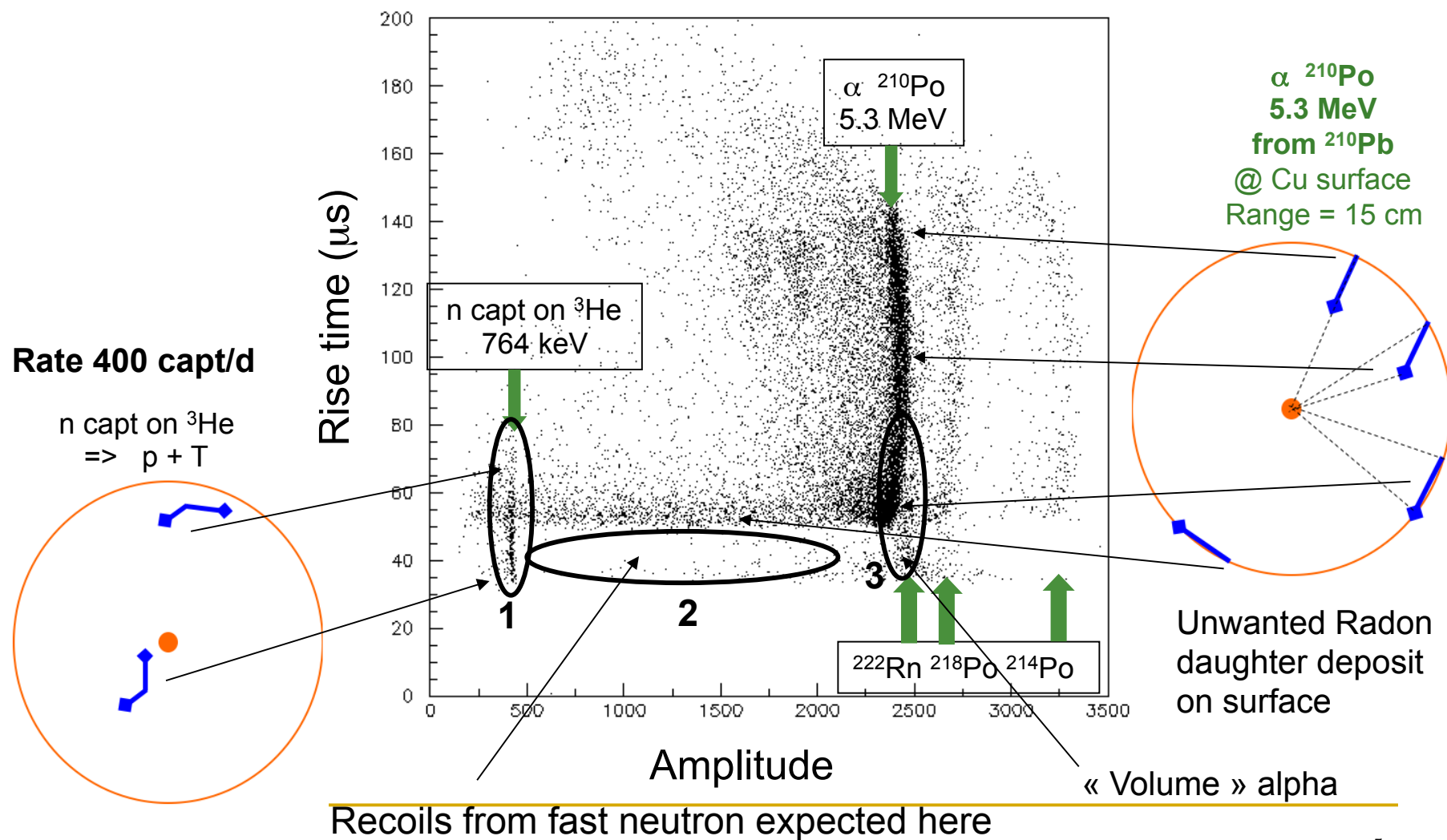
NB: no start
=> risetime
records place and/
or history of
energy deposition

If **point like** energy
deposition, rise time
depends only on
radius of interaction
(diffusion)

If **track**, rise time
depends on
orientation of track,
ie on difference of
drift times

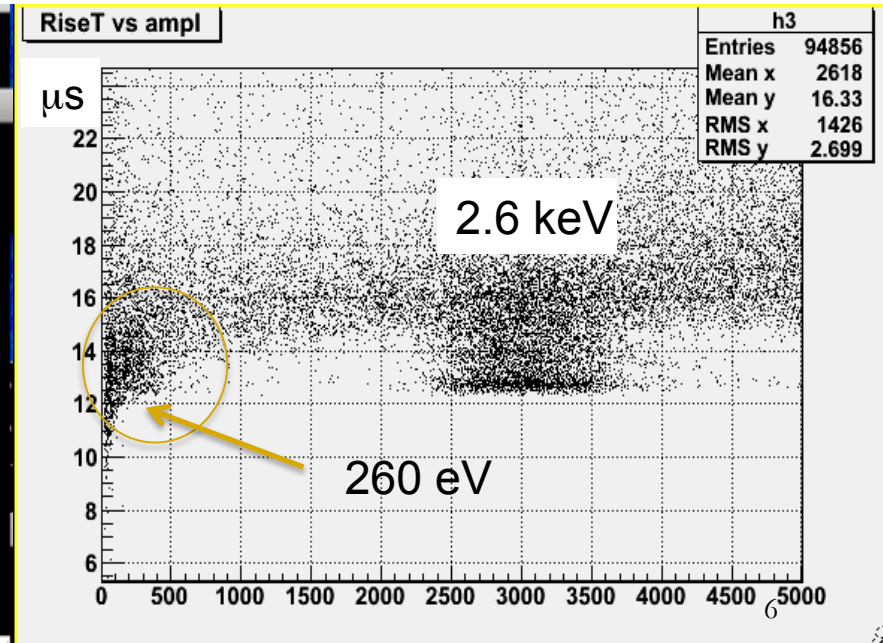
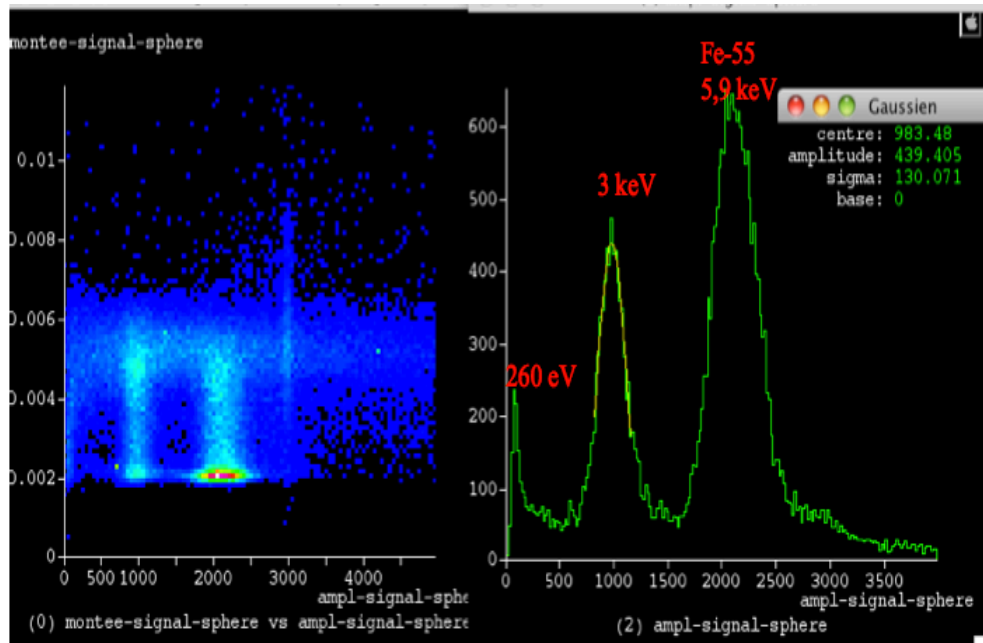


Run with $\text{Ar}/\text{CH}_4 + 3\text{g } ^3\text{He}$ @ 200 mb
 SPC 130cm \varnothing @ LSM

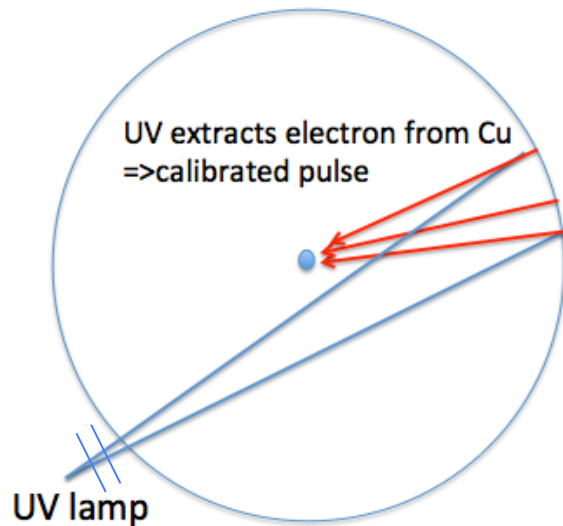


Going to low energy : calibration with ^{37}Ar source for volume response (SPC 130cm \varnothing @ Saclay)

- ^{37}Ar , EC, 35 days lifetime, $K\alpha$ 2.6 keV and $L\beta$ 260 eV
- Source made by n,α from Calcium salt powder irradiated with fast neutrons
- => Calibration show homogenous volume response

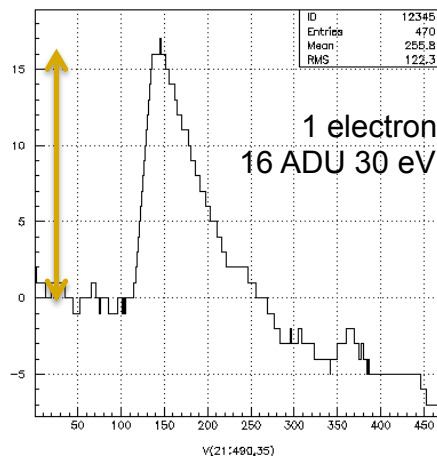


Calibration with UV flash pulsed lamp for single electron response

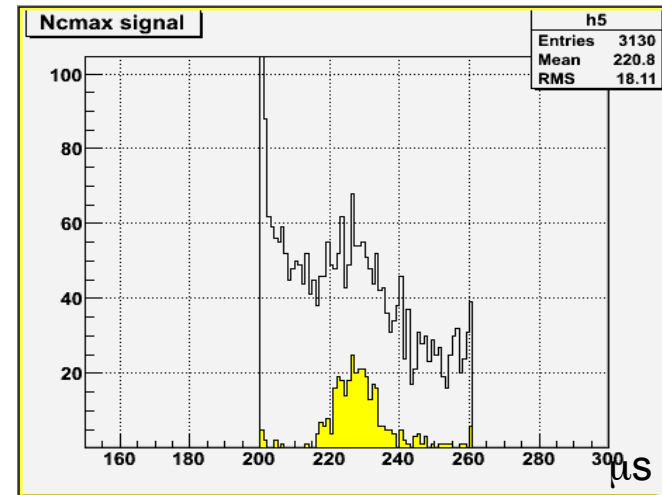


250 mb, Ar+2%CH4
HV = 3100 V
14 mm sensor

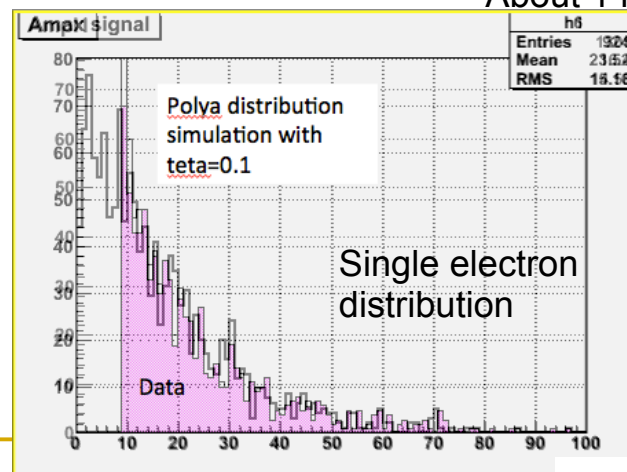
Pulse shape



Trigger @ 10 ADU



Delta time (UV-sphere pulse)
Look for pulse in 200-260 μ s window
About 1 in 10 => single electron response

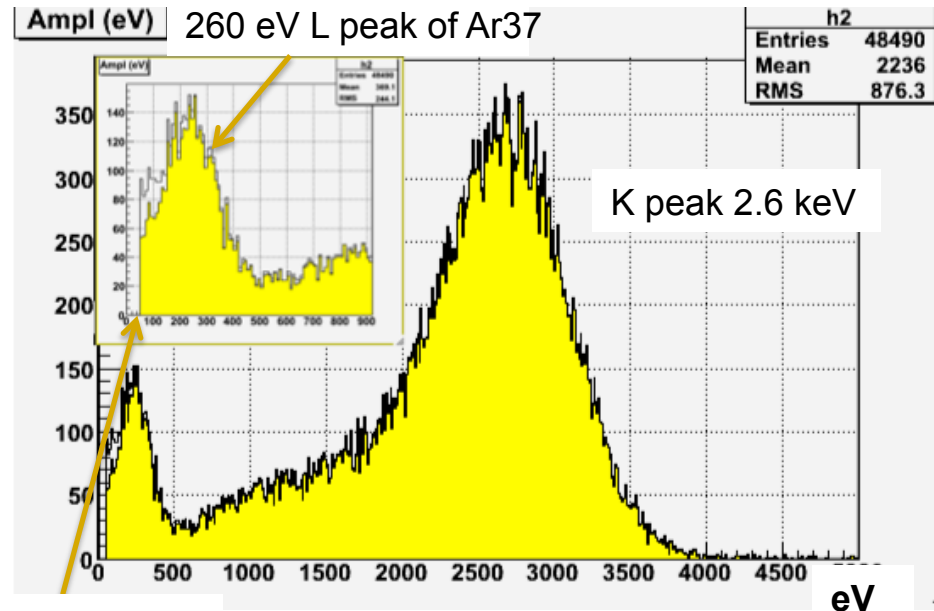
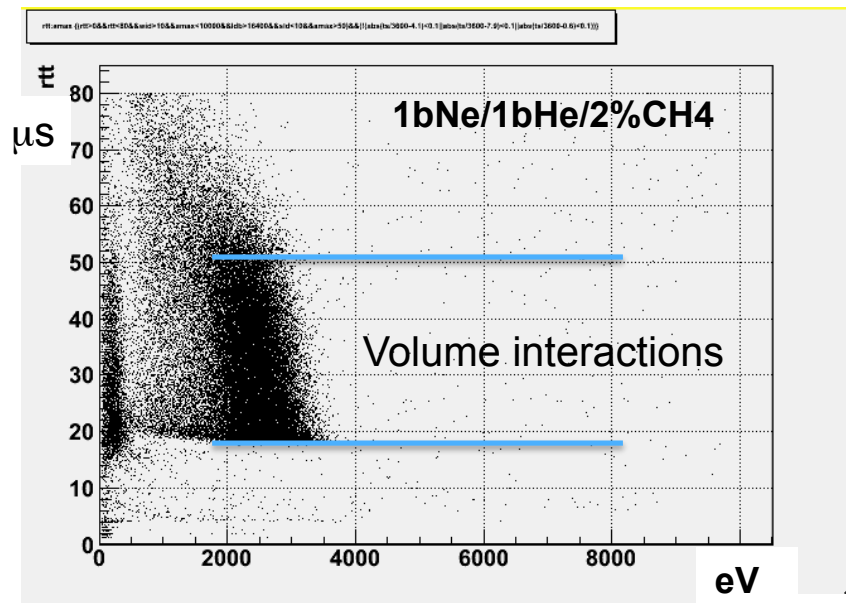
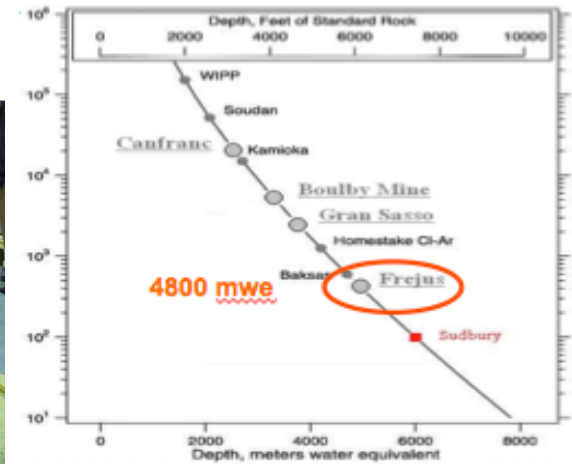


adu

**Trigger efficiency for
single electron = 54 %**
**NB : single electron in Ar
gaz w \approx 30 eV**
=> Threshold = 20 eV

Light dark matter search : low activity 60 cm Ø prototype @ **LSM** in Pb/PE shield

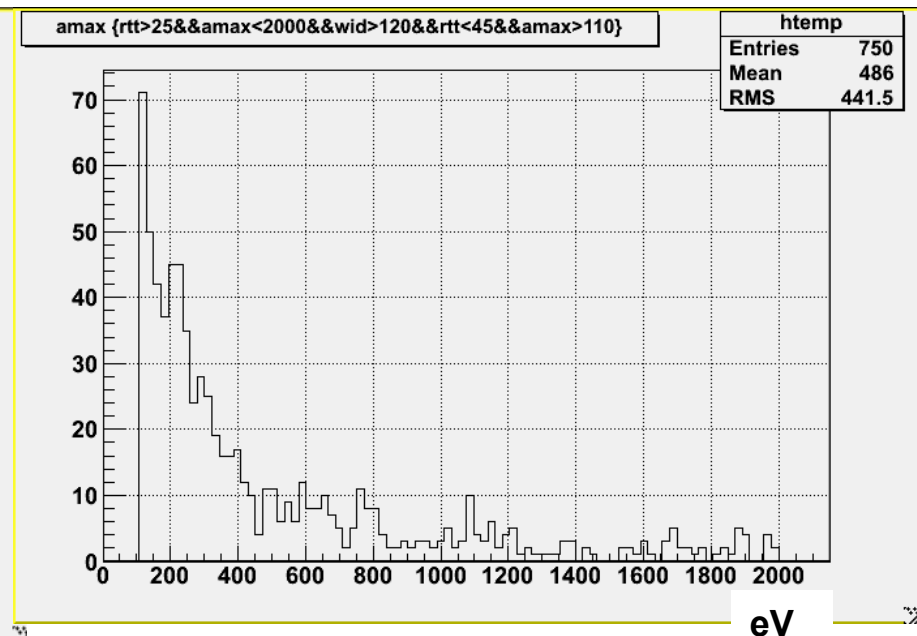
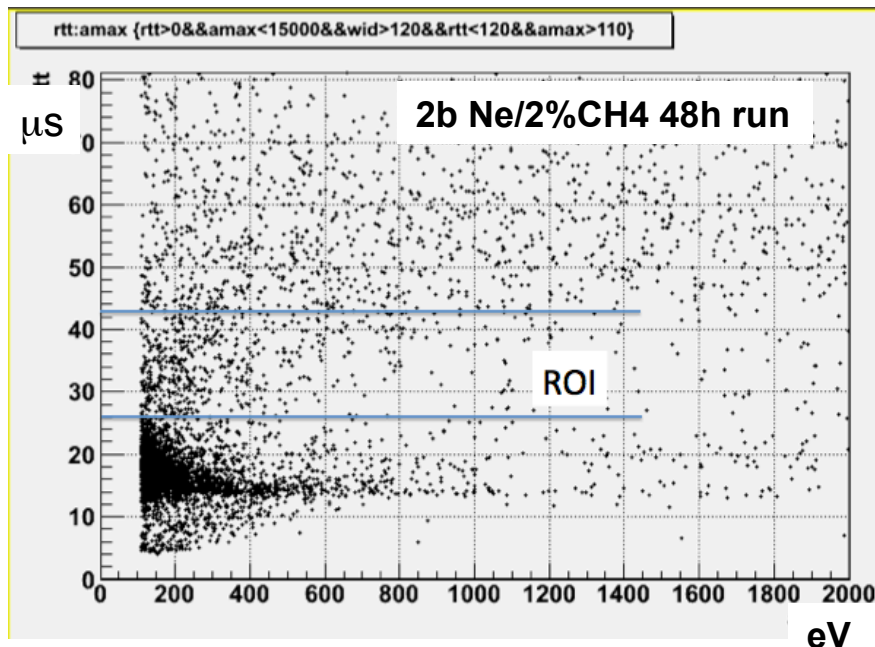
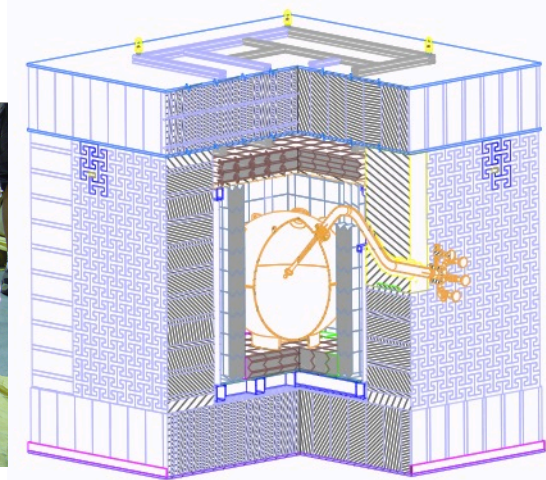
- In test since september 2012
- Test of sensors from 14 mm to 6 mm
- Reduction of RA contaminants
- Commissioning runs
 - Argon (but ^{39}Ar intrinsic radioactivity)
 - Neon @ 2-4 bars
 - Neon/He 50/50 @ 2 bars



Threshold 50 eV

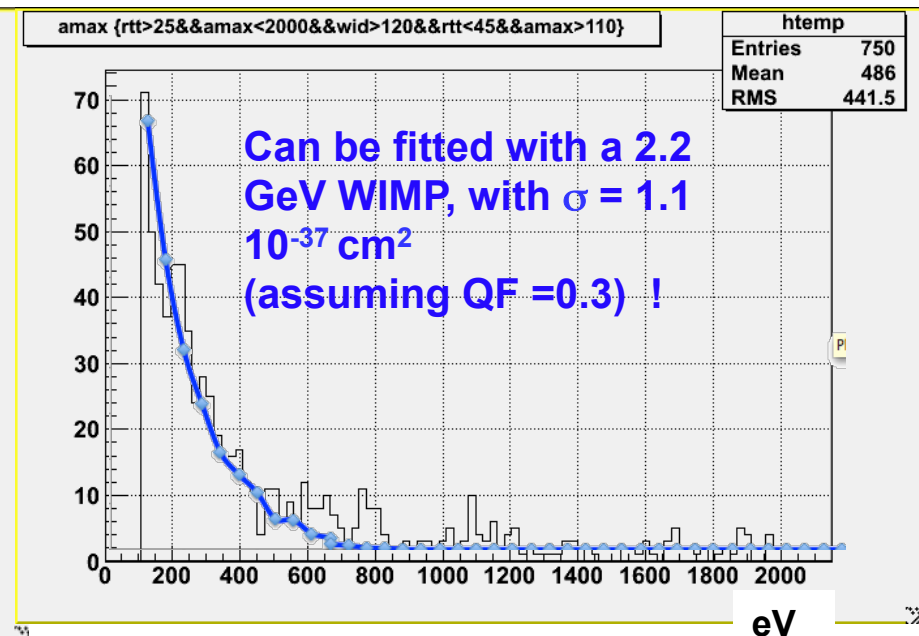
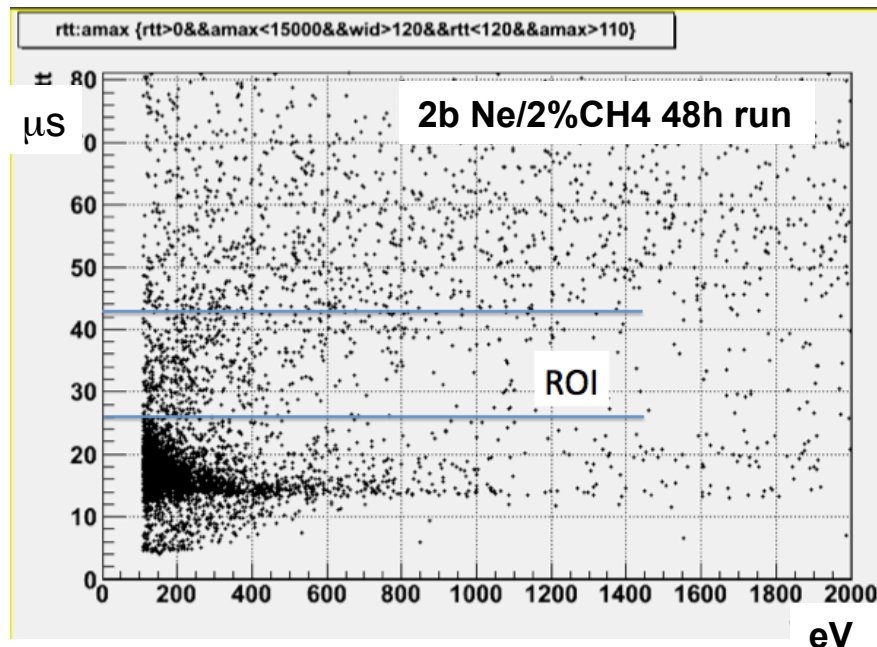
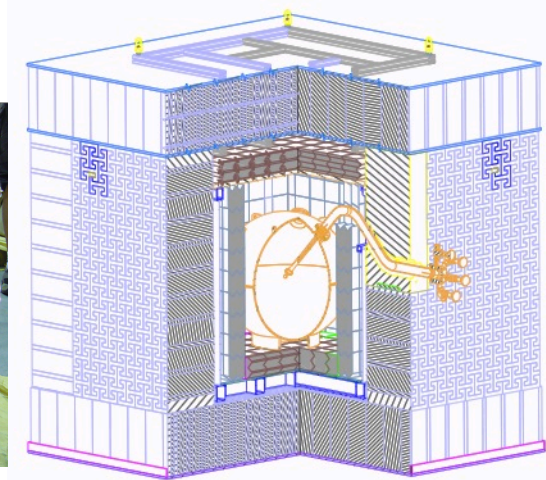
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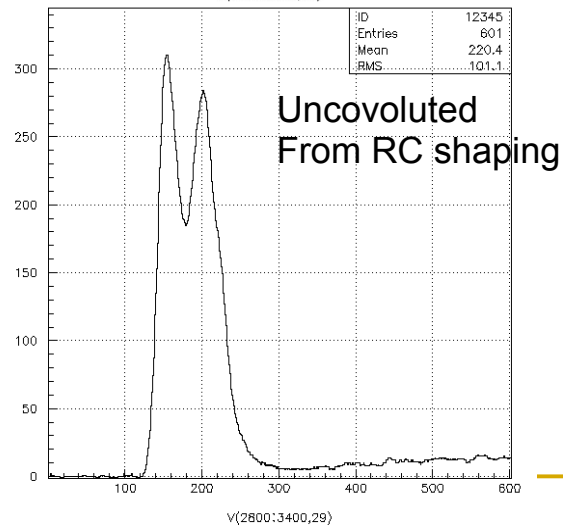
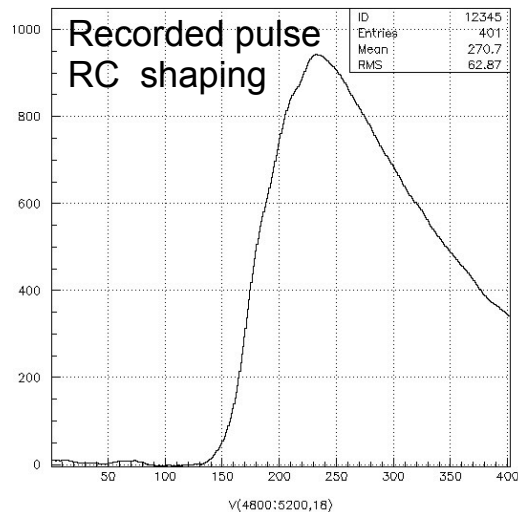


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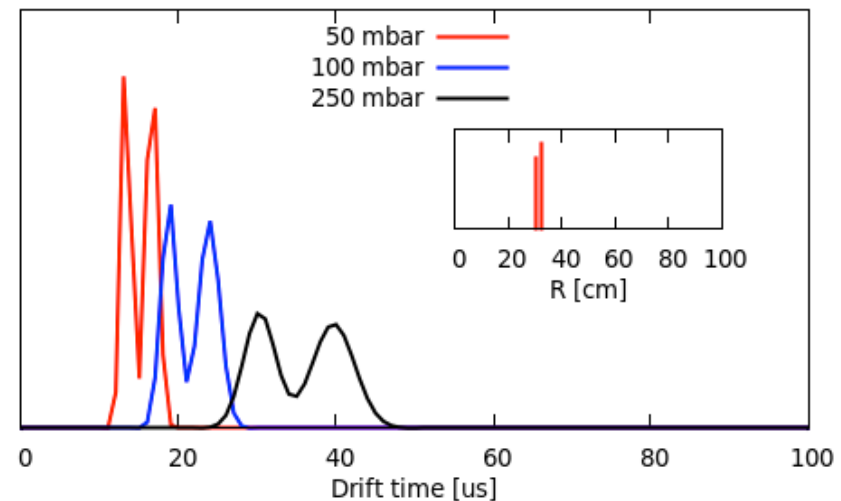
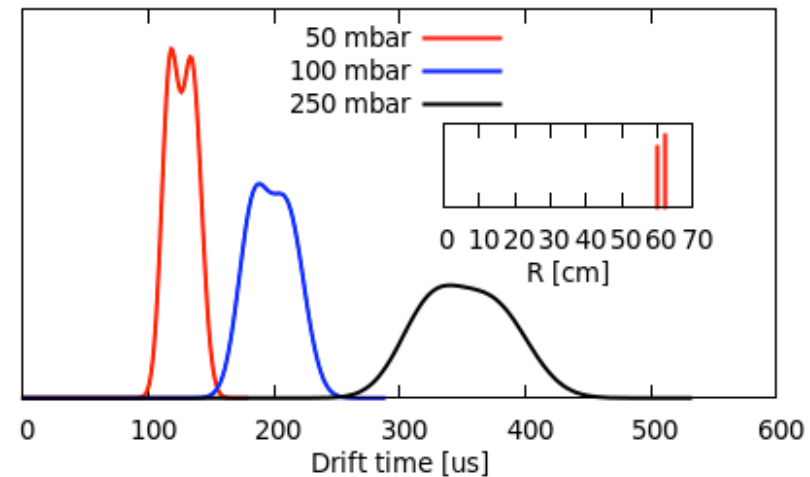
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Additional discrimination through single/multiple energy deposition

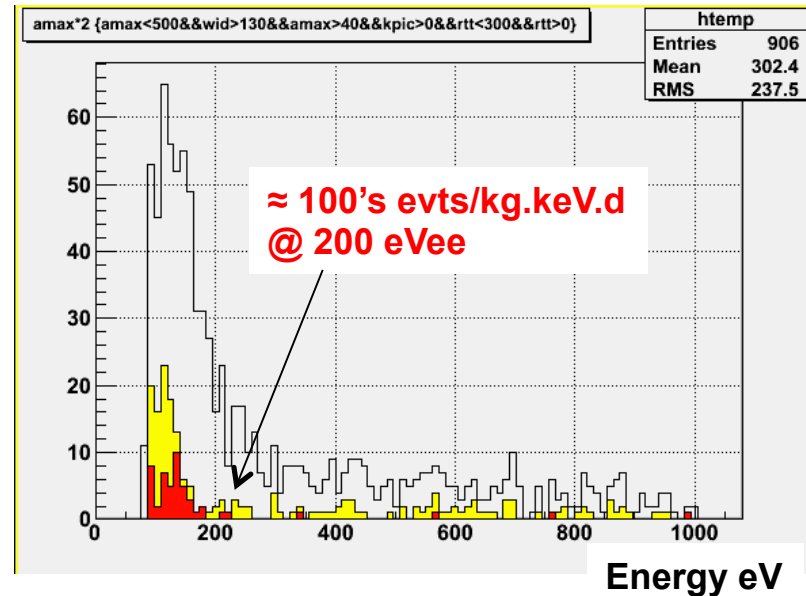
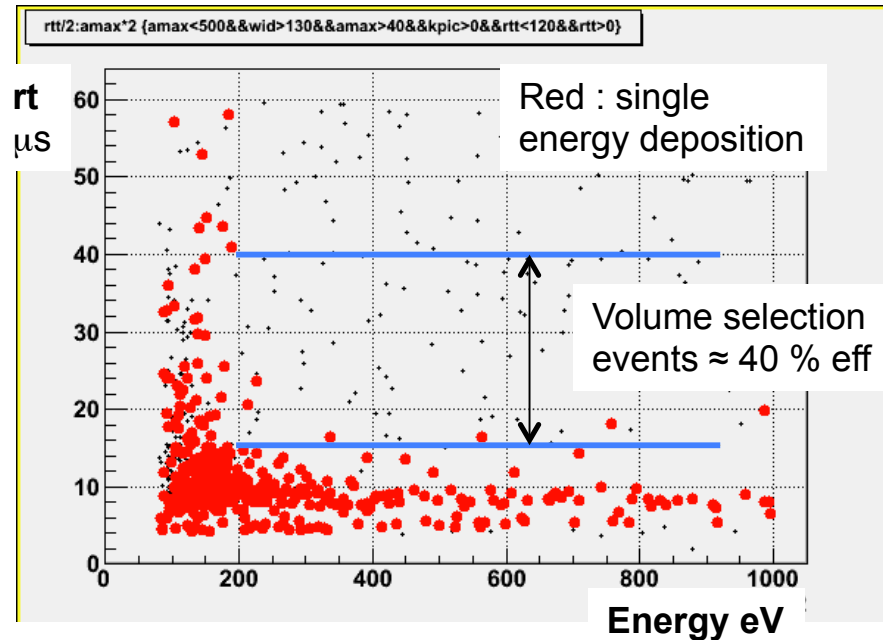


Simulation by J Galan



Test run with Ne (2bars)+He (2bars) 8h

He gives longer drift times => better identification of multiples

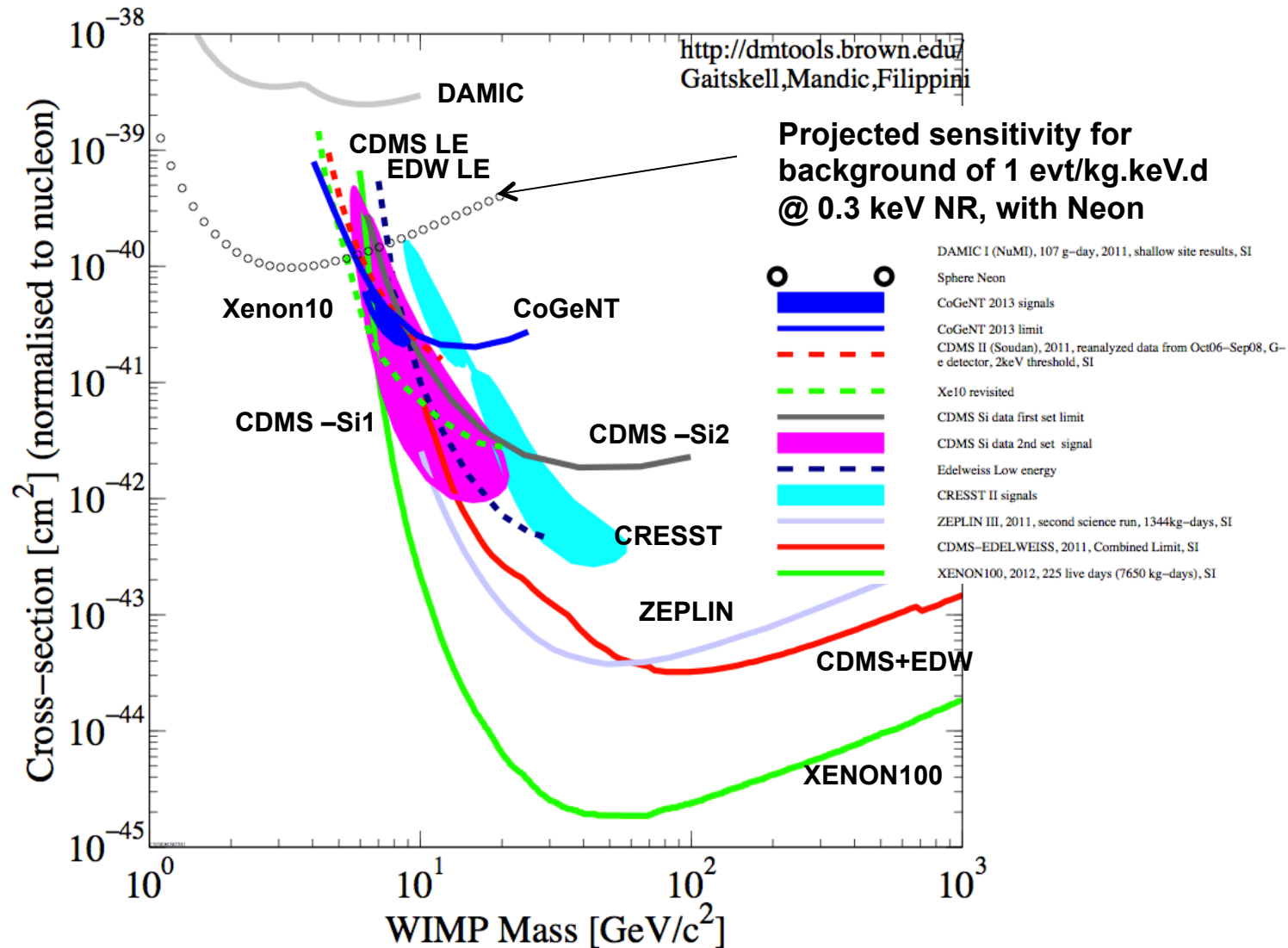


⇒ Studies in progress:

- refined pulse analysis
- calibration with fast neutron
- simulation of pulse shapes of electrons and neutrons
- Reduce RA contamination (alpha from ^{210}Po too high by factor 100)
- ...

Preliminary

Sensitivity curves for light WIMP's



Other applications

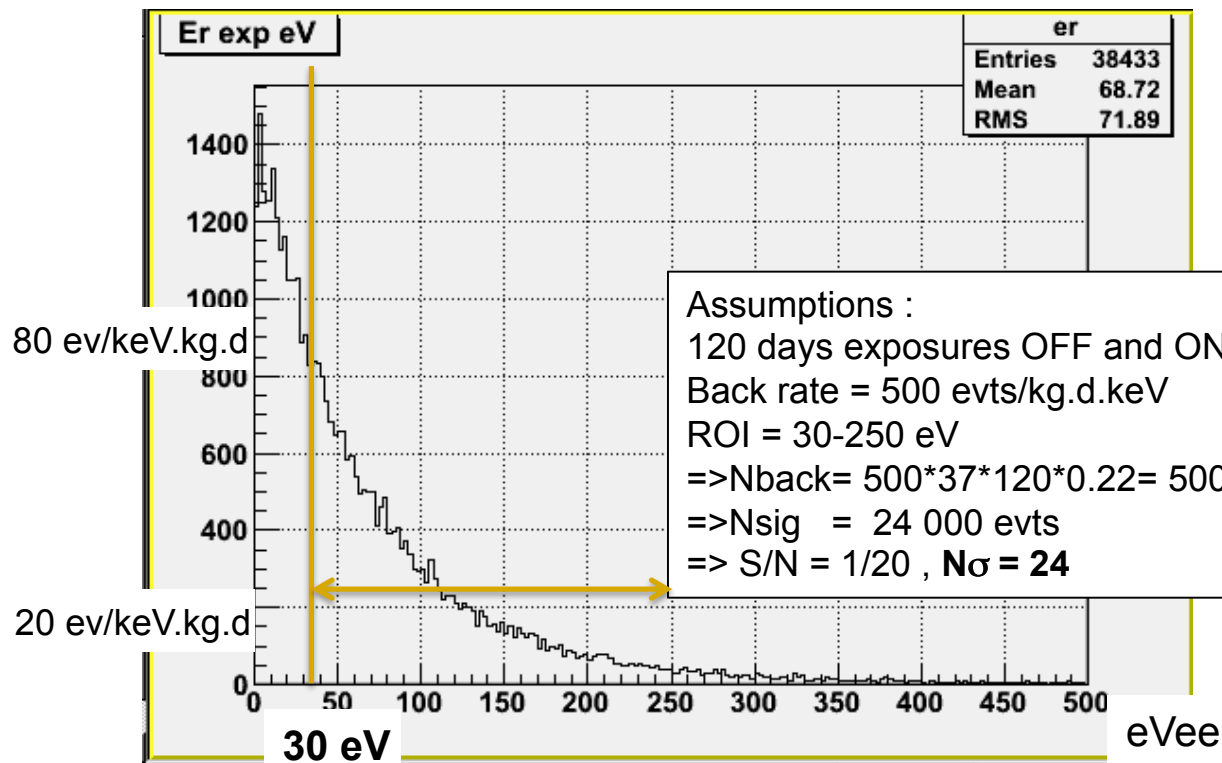
- **Axion Like Particle detection** : (decays in 2 photons inside sphere volume) motivation : solar corona temperature problem [L. Di Lella, K. Zioutas, Astropart. Phys. 19 \(2003\) 145](#)(J Galan)
- **Thermal and fast neutron detection** : interest : containment of products of capture eg He3, other gaz studied
- Network of 4m Ø spheres for **SuperNovae neutrino detection** through coherent scattering (about 10 evts for SN @10 kpc for 10 atm Argon =600 kg)
- Measurement of **neutrino coherent scattering at reactor** ...

Measuring coherent neutrino scattering at nuclear reactor within reach

- Simulation of expected spectrum from nuclear reactor, on Ar, with quenching factor and instrumental response to single electron
- Normalisation to experimental reactor 70 MW
- Sphere of 2 m diam, 5 bars

Parameters			
Power of reactor		0,07	GW
Distance to core		7	m
Radius of sphere		1	m
Pressure		5	atm
Gaz	argon	37,4	kg
Signal nucoh >=2 e		198	evts/day
Delta E : 2-6e		0,12	keV

Evis >30 eV





A



proto collaboration

New Experiments With Spheres

Neutrino Experiments With Spheres

New Experiments for Wimps with Spheres

CEA-IRFU/Saclay (GG,IG),LSM (F Piquemal),
Aristotle University of Thessaloniki (I Savvidis),
University of Ioannina (I Vergados), NCSR
Demokritos (G Fanourakis), Hellenic Open
University (S Tzamaria)

University of Tsinghua Beijing (C Tao), Shanghai
Jiao Tong University (K Ni),
IHEP-Beijing (Z Wang, C Yang)

University of Zaragoza (I Irastorza), Livermore (JR
Armendariz)

- Projects under study
- 4 m Ø underwater 2000 m @ Pylos @ few 100s bars for SN
- 2 m Ø underground low activity for DM and ALP search shielded in water tank
- Perform ν coherent scattering expt
- Develop neutron spectrometer
- Develop sensors + scint light detection
- + Great tool for training to particle detection !



Conclusions/outlook

- First studies show that spherical gas detector :
 - ❑ can indeed reach single ionisation electron sensitivity @ $P > 1$ atm
 - ❑ has background rejection capabilities and redundancies to identify signal
 - ❑ is well adapted for low mass WIMP search 0.1 to 5 GeV
 - ❑ has potential for neutrino coherent scattering detection & other LE rare processes
- Developments to improve performances of current prototype
 - ❑ Decrease high radioactive contamination : surface Rn descendants
 - ❑ Improve pulse shape analysis : calibration, templates...
 - ❑ Perform calibration with neutron/Ar37
 - ❑ Perform quenching factor measurements in $< \text{keV}$ region (D Santos installation at Grenoble)
- Going to larger volume/pressure :
 - ❑ NB : 4 m diameter sphere can hold 600 kg of Ar @ 10 bars
 - ❑ Decoupling of amplification from drift : new ideas about sensors currently tested
 - ❑ ... lot to develop and discover